## §404.436

## § 404.436 Excess earnings; months to which excess earnings cannot be charged because individual is deemed not entitled to benefits.

Under the annual earnings test, excess earnings (as described in §404.430) are not charged to any month in which an individual is deemed not entitled to a benefit. A beneficiary (i.e., the insured individual or any person entitled or deemed entitled on the individual's earnings record) is deemed not entitled to a benefit for a month if he is subject to a deduction for that month because of:

- (a) Engaging in noncovered remunerative activity outside the United States (as described in §§ 404.417 and 404.418): or
- (b) Failure to have a child in his or her care (as described in § 404.421).

[32 FR 19159, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 38 FR 9429, Apr. 16, 1973; 38 FR 17716, July 3, 1973; 43 FR 8133, Feb. 28, 1978; 68 FR 40123, July 7, 2003]

## § 404.437 Excess earnings; benefit rate subject to deductions because of excess earnings.

We will further reduce your benefits (other than a disability insurance benefit) because of your excess earnings (see §404.430), after your benefits may have been reduced because of the following:

- (a) The family maximum (see §§ 404.403 and 404.404), which applies to entitled beneficiaries remaining after exclusion of beneficiaries deemed not entitled under § 404.436 (due to a deduction for engaging in non-covered remuerative activity outside the United States or failure to have a child in one's care);
- (b) Your entitlement to benefits (see §404.410) for months before you reach full retirement age (see §404.409(a)) (this applies only to old-age, wife's, widow's, widower's or husband's benefits);
- (c) Your receipt of benefits on your own earnings record, which reduces (see §404.407) your entitlement (or deemed entitlement; see §404.420) to benefits on another individual's earnings record; and
- (d) Your entitlement to benefits payable (or deemed payable) to you based on the earnings record of an individual

entitled to a disability insurance benefit because of that individual's entitlement to workers' compensation (see § 404.408).

[70 FR 28814, May 19, 2005]

## § 404.439 Partial monthly benefits; excess earnings of the individual charged against his benefits and the benefits of persons entitled (or deemed entitled) to benefits on his earnings record.

Deductions are made against the total family benefits where the excess earnings (as described in §404.430) of an individual entitled to old-age insurance benefits are charged to a month and require deductions in an amount less than the total family benefits payable on his earnings record for that month (including the amount of a mother's or child's insurance benefit payable to a spouse who is deemed entitled on the individual's earnings record—see §404.420). The difference between the total benefits payable and the deductions made under the annual earnings test for such month is paid (if otherwise payable under title II of the Act) to each person in the proportion that the benefit to which each is entitled (before the application of the reductions described in §404.403 for the family maximum, §404.407 for entitlement to more than one type of benefit, and section 202(q) of the Act for entitlement to benefits before retirement age) and before the application of § 404.304(f) to round to the next lower dollar bears to the total of the benefits to which all of them are entitled, except that the total amount payable to any such person may not exceed the benefits which would have been payable to that person if none of the insured individual's excess earnings had been charged to that month.

Example: A is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit of \$165 and his wife is entitled to \$82.50 before rounding, making a total of \$247.50. After A's excess earnings have been charged to the appropriate months, there remains a partial benefit of \$200 payable for October, which is apportioned as follows:

	Original benefit	Fraction of original	Benefit <sup>1</sup>
A	\$165	2/3	\$133
Wife	82.50	1/3	66